Bible Correspondence Fellowship



1 Timothy Lesson 2 of 2

Answer Sheet for New King James Version (NKJV)

Chapter 4

	Read 1	Timothy	4:1-16		Check
--	--------	---------	--------	--	-------

(v. 4:1) What does the Spirit say will happen in the later/last times?
 In latter times some will depart from the faith,
 giving heed to deceiving spirits and doctrines of demons.

Note: The Greek words that are translated as "latter times" are different than those normally used to identify the final days before the coming of Christ. Rather it carries the general idea of the current times in contrast to earlier times. Therefore, the time period discussed here most likely refers to all times since Paul wrote the words up to and including the present. He is describing the nature of the world without Christ and the transforming power of the gospel.

- 2. (v. 4:2) How are the consciences of those who speak hypocritical lies described? Having their own conscience seared with a hot iron.
- (v. 4:3) What are some of the things taught by these false teachers?
 Forbidding to marry, and commanding to abstain from foods which
 God created to be received with thanksgiving.
- 4. (vs. 4:3-4) What do you believe these verses teach about previous food prohibitions that we find in the scriptures?

The dietary restrictions of the old testament have been set aside.

(Answer will vary)

5. (vs. 4:3-5) Since everything God created is good and not to be refused, how should we receive everything?

With thanksgiving because it has been consecrated by the

Word of God and prayer.

Note: These verses clearly demonstrate that God's commands have changed throughout the various dispensations. The restrictions that God placed on what people could eat went from eating only plants in the Garden of Eden up to the time of the flood. After the flood man could eat any meat until the Law was given to Moses. During the time of the Law the Jew's diet was restricted to only certain types of animals. Here we see the final command that God has given for us, the members of the Body of Christ. We are no longer bound by the dietary restrictions of the Mosaic Law because we are not under law but under grace.

- 6. (v. 4:6) What does Paul instruct Timothy to do with these truths? Instruct the brethren.
- 7. (v. 4:6) How does Paul describe Timothy if he follows the instructions of the verse?

 He will will be a good minister of Jesus Christ,

 nourished in the words of faith and of the good doctrine.
- 8. (v. 4:7) What should we avoid and what should we do instead?

 reject profane and old wives' fables

 exercise yourself toward godliness
- 9. (v. 4:8) What value does physical/bodily training have? It profits a little.
- 10. (v. 4:8) This verse says that godliness holds a promise for this life and the life to come. Explain what you think that means

godliness is profitable for all things,

having promise of the life that now is and of that which is to come.

(Answer will vary)

11. (vs. 4:9-10) What is the trustworthy statement/saying?

We trust in the living God, who is the Savior of all men,
especially of those who believe.

Note: This ("savior of all men") does not mean that God saves every person from eternal punishment, for such universalism would contradict the clear testimony of Scripture. God is, however, the Savior of all in that he offers salvation to all and saves all who come to him.

12. (v. 12) What should Timothy not allow anyone to do?

Let no one despise your youth.
13. (v. 12) How should Timothy be an example for others?

Be an example to the believers

in word, in conduct, in love, in spirit, in faith, in purity.
14. (v. 4:13) What was Timothy to do while he was waiting for Paul?

Give attention to reading, to exhortation, to doctrine.
15. (v. 4:14) What was Timothy not to do with the gift that had been given to him?

Do not neglect the gift.

16. (v. 4:14) How did Timothy receive this gift?

By prophecy with the laying on of the hands of the eldership.

17. (v. 4:14) What do you think this gift was?

Find acceptable any answer about "a spiritual gift related to ministry".

(Answer will vary)

Note: We are told that every believer receives a spiritual gift (Romans 12:6; 1 Corinthians 12:7). Such gifts are enablements from the Holy Spirit that allow us to serve the Lord more effectively. According to this passage it is possible to ignore these gifts and based on other passages, we can abuse them. At the time Paul wrote his letter God was giving supernatural sign gifts, such as healing and speaking in tongues. It seems that near the end of Paul's ministry those gifts had been removed (1 Corinthians 13:8) as even Paul was not able to heal his companion Trophimus (2 Timothy 4:20). However, there is a list of gifts for ministry and the building up of the Body of Christ that are still being distributed by the Holy Spirit (Romans 12:6-8). God wants us to discover these gifts and not neglect them, just as Paul instructed Timothy.

18.	(v. 4:15) Why was Timothy to devote himself wholly to these things? So that your progress may be evident to all.
19.	(v. 4:16) What was Timothy to watch? Take heed [watch carefully] to yourself and to the doctrine.
	Chapter 5
INSTRU	UCTIONS FOR WORKING WITH DIFFERENT PEOPLE
Read 1	Timothy 5:1-24 Check
	(vs. 5:1-2) Describe how Paul instructs Timothy to treat each of the following groups of people.
	a. Older men exhort him as a father
	b. Older women as mothers
	c. Younger men as brothers
	d. Younger women as sisters, with all purity
2.	(v. 5:3) To whom are we to give proper recognition?
-	Widows who are really widows (who are truly in need).
3. ((v. 5:4) If a widow has a family, what are they to do for her? Let them first learn to show piety at home and to repay their parents
_	that is, let her children care for the widow.
	(v. 5:5) What should the widow who is in true need and left alone do? he should trust in God and continue in supplications and prayers night and day.
_	
5. ((v. 5:6) How is the widow that lives for pleasure described? She is dead while she lives.

6.	(v. 5:7) Why did Paul give these instructions to the believers? So that they may be blameless.
7.	(v. 5:8) How does Paul describe someone that does not provide for his family? He has denied the faith and is worse than an unbeliever.
8.	(v. 5:9) What are the requirements for a woman to be put on the list of widows? Is over sixty and has had only one husband.
9.	(v. 5:10) What are some examples of the good deeds that widows should be known for? She has brought up children, lodged strangers, washed the saints' feet,
	relieved the afflicted.
10	. (v. 5:11) Why were younger widows not to be put on the list? when they have begun to grow wanton against Christ, they desire to marry
11	. (v. 5:12) What do you think it means to break the first/previous pledge?
12	. (v. 5:13) What behavior do the younger widows become involved in? They learn to be idle, but also gossips and busybodies.
13	. (v. 5:14) What instructions does Paul give to younger widows? The younger widows should marry, bear children, manage the house.
14	. (v. 5:14) Why does Paul give these instructions? To give no opportunity to the adversary [Satan] to speak reproachfully.
15	. (v. 5:15) What have some already done? Some have already turned aside after Satan.

16. (v. 5:16) How can a woman with a widow in her family help the church to help the w	∕id-
ows in true need?	
She should help the widows in her family and not let them	

17. (v. 5:17) Who is worthy of double honor?

The elders who rule well especially those who labor in the word and doctrine.

18. (v. 5:18) What do the Scriptures say about paying those that devote themselves to the ministry?

The laborer is worthy of his wages.

be a burden on the church.

You shall not muzzle an ox while it treads out the grain.

19. (v. 5:19) How many witnesses are needed before an accusation against an elder should be entertained?

From two or three witnesses.

- 20. (v. 5:20) Why should the sinner be rebuked/reprimanded publicly? Rebuke in the presence of all, that the rest also may fear.
- 21. (v. 5:21) How were these instructions to be followed?Observe these things without prejudice, doing nothing with partiality.
- 22. (v. 5:22) What instruction does Paul give about the laying on of hands?

 Do not lay hands on anyone hastily, nor share in other people's sins.

Note: Paul is speaking of the ordination of an elder, which should not be performed until the candidate has had time to prove himself. Laying hands on a man that was entering the ministry served as a formal recognition of an individual's gifts and calling. It was only to be done

after the individual had proven himself qualified and competent for the work.

23.	(v. 5:22) What final command does Paul give to Timothy in this verse? Keep yourself pure.
•	
24.	(v. 5:23) Why does Paul instruct Timothy to drink a little wine?
	For your stomach's sake and your frequent infirmities.
-	
25	/ 5.34) 5 1 · · ·
25.	(v. 5:24) Explain in your own words the meaning of this verse.
	The consequences of some sins are known in this world,
	others will not be known until they are revealed at the time of judgment.
	(Answer will vary)
26	(v. 5:25). Can good deeds he hidden?

Chapter 6

	RUCTIONS FOR SLAVES
Read	1 Timothy 6:1-2 Check
1.	(v. 6:1) How should slaves treat their masters? Why? They should count their own masters worthy of all honor
	so that the name of God and His doctrine may not be blasphemed.
2.	(v. 6:2) Why should a slave with a believing master serve even better? Serve them because those who are benefited are believers and beloved.
	OF MONEY
Read	1 Timothy 6:3-10 Check
3.	(vs. 6:3-4a) How is a person that teaches false doctrine described? He is proud, knowing nothing,
	but is obsessed with disputes and arguments over words.
4.	(vs. 6:4-5) What results from such men? From which come envy, strife, reviling, evil suspicions.
	Trom which cerns city, cane, revining, evil edepletere.
5.	(v. 6:5) What is the motivation of these men of corrupt minds? They believe that godliness is a means of gain.
6.	(v. 6:6) What is great gain?
	godliness with contentment is great gain
7.	(v. 6:7) What did we bring into this world and what do we take out of it? Nothing
8.	(v. 6:8) With what should we be content?
	Having food and clothing.

9.	(v. 6:9) What happens to those who want to be rich in this world? They fall into temptation and a snare and into many foolish and harmful lusts.		
10.	(v. 6:10) What is the root of all (kinds of) evil? The love of money is a root of all kinds of evil.		
-	The love of money is a root of all kinds of evil.		
11.	(v. 6:10) What happens to those that are eager for money? They have strayed from the faith in their greediness,		
	and pierced themselves through with many sorrows.		
	GIVES FINAL INSTRUCTIONS TO TIMOTHY . Timothy 6:11-21 Check		
12.	2. (v. 6:11) What are we to pursue? Flee these things and pursue righteousness,		
	godliness, faith, love, patience, gentleness.		
-			
13.	(v. 6:12) What are we to fight? Fight the good fight of faith.		
14.	(v. 6:12) What are we to take hold of? Lay hold on eternal life.		
15.	(v. 6:13) Who gives life to everything? God gives life to all things.		
16.	(vs. 6:11-14) How long are we to keep the commandments given in these verses? Keep this commandment without spot, blameless until our		
	Lord Jesus Christ's appearing.		
Nata.	The appearing of the Lord engken of here is also referred to as the Banture of the		

Note: The appearing of the Lord spoken of here is also referred to as the Rapture of the Church. It is that event described in 1 Thessalonians 4:13-18 in which the Lord will appear in the clouds to call the believers that are dead and alive to be with him in heaven for eternity. This is different than the second coming which is described in the book of Revelation, the Old Testament and the gospel records (cf. Zechariah 14:3-5; Matthew 24:36-51; 25:31-46; Revelation 19:11-21)

18.	 (vs. 6:15-16) List the ways in which God is described in these verses? a. He who is the blessed and only Potentate b. King of kings and Lord of lords c. who alone has immortality d. dwelling in unapproachable light e. whom no man has seen or can see
19.	(v. 6:17) What are we not to put trust in? uncertain riches
20.	(v. 6:17) Why should we put hope in God? God gives us richly all things to enjoy.
21.	(v. 6:18) In what should we be rich in this world? Be rich in good works, ready to give, willing to share.
22.	(v. 6:19) What is the result of good deeds? That they may lay hold on eternal life.
23.	(v. 6:20) From what must we turn away? Avoiding the profane and idle babblings and contradictions of what is falsely called knowledge.
24.	(v. 6:21) What has happened to some that have given attention to godless chatter? Some have strayed concerning the faith.
25.	(v. 6:21) How does Paul conclude this letter to Timothy? Grace be with you. Amen.

17. (v. 6:15) Who will decide when Christ will appear? He will manifest in His own time.

hat Bible Version did you use for this lesson?:	
our questions or Comments:	
RETURN COMPLETED LESSON TO:	
toServe Ministry	
P. O. Box 1861 Weatherford, TX 76086	
Date Completed: //	
Name: ID #	

Unit / Facility: _____

 Address: _____

 City: _____
 State: _____
 Zip Code: _____